Pacific Biomedical Network Meeting

2023 Biomedical Situational Analysis

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Background/Introduction

- Previous Situational Analysis surveys conducted 2014 and 2019
- Additional survey conducted in 2022 to identify key challenges experienced by the biomedical workforce and identify key areas for support
- Distributed to, and received data from, 16 countries ahead of 2023 regional meeting
- Self-reported preliminary data only for further collaboration to establish complete picture of status, identify gaps, and develop future plans of work and collaboration.

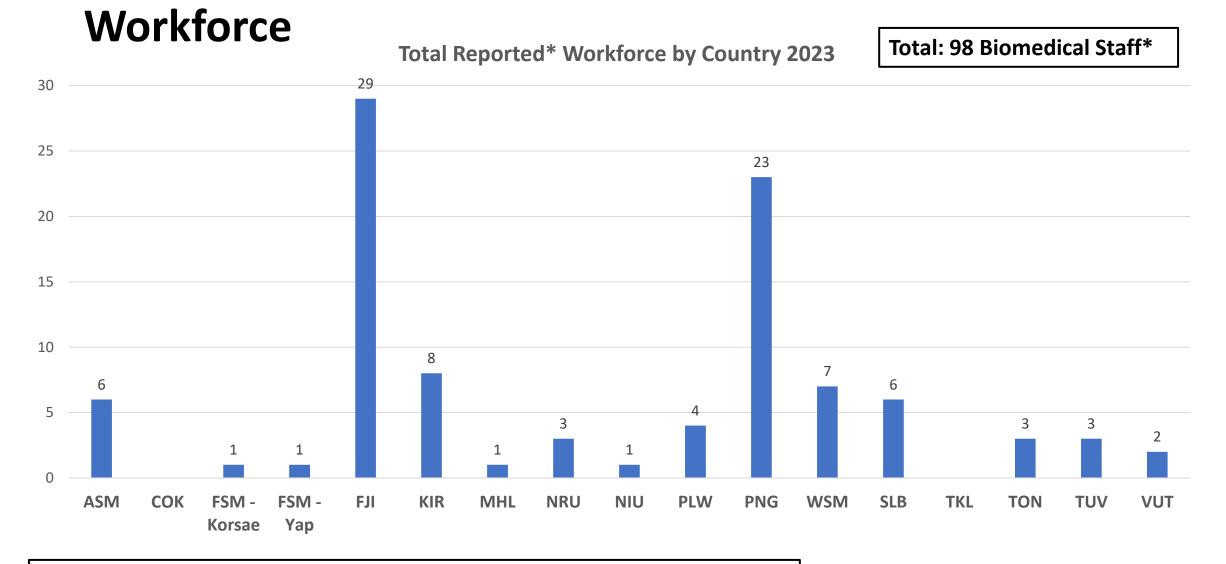
Key Findings

Workforce

- Increasing number of biomedical staff across the region
- Higher representation of women
- Younger workforce (<40 years)
- Higher number of those with Bachelor's Degree qualifications

Overall Biomedical Situation

- Overall gradual development of national policies and systems
- Dependent on availability and capacity of national staff

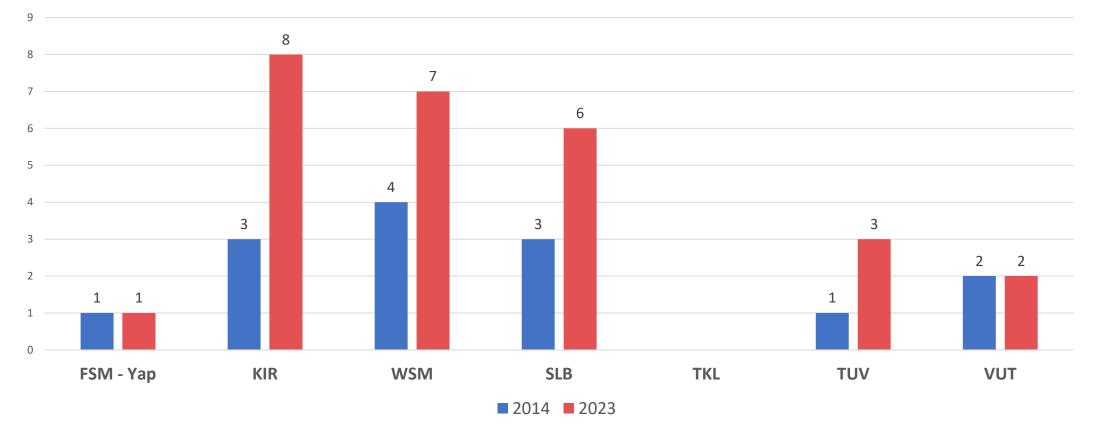


*Reported during collection of conference data – under development in collaboration with PICTs, currently underestimated

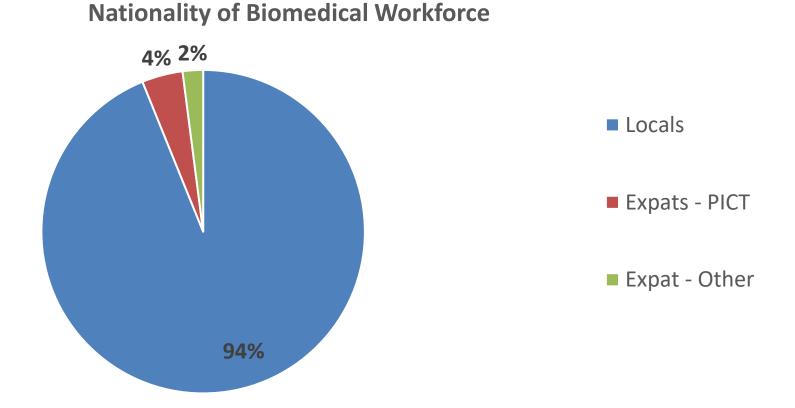
Workforce

Total 2014: 13 Total 2023: 26 (100% increase)

Workforce Comparsion 2014 - 2023

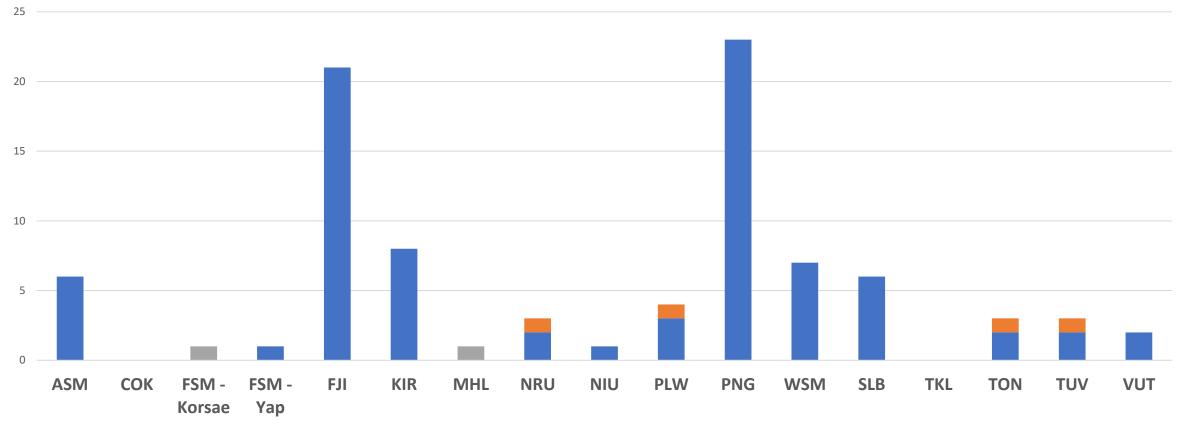


Workforce - Nationality



Workforce - Nationality

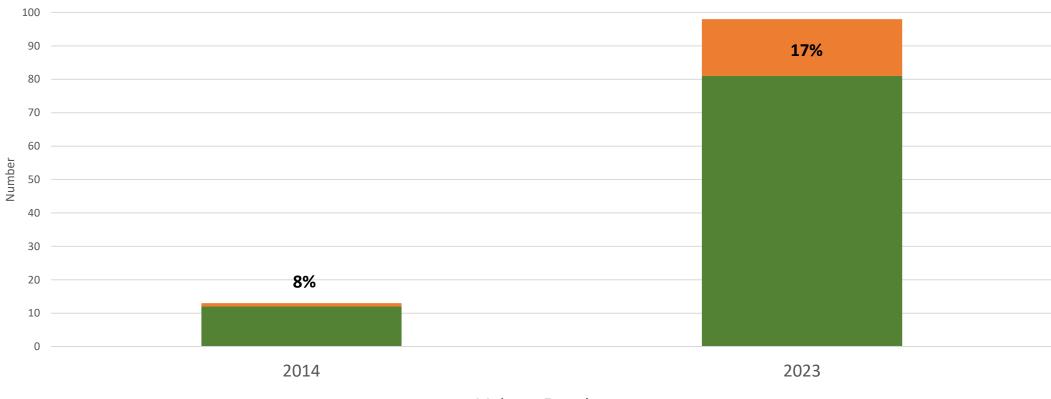
Nationality of Workforce by Country 2023



■ Local ■ Expat - PICT ■ Expat - Other

Workforce - Gender

17% of workforce in 2023 is female

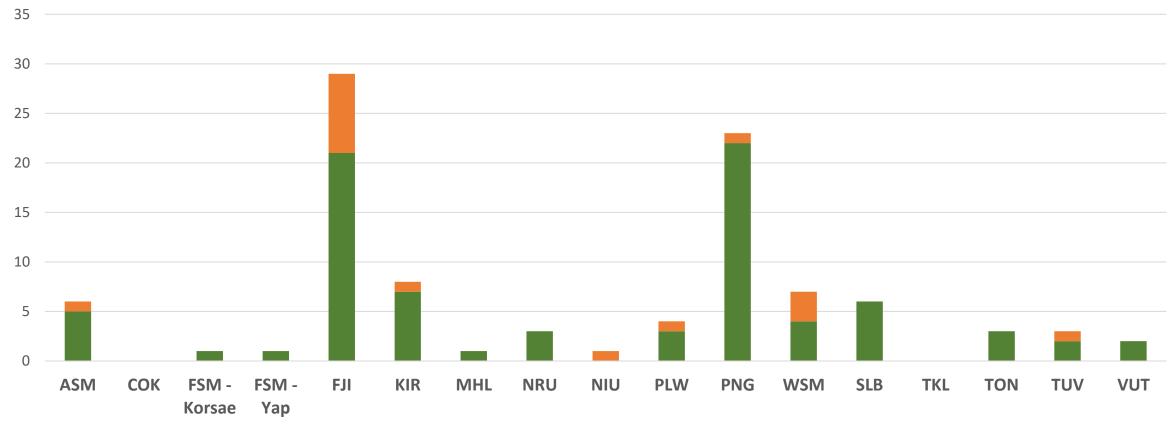


Gender of Biomedical Workforce 2014 - 2023

Male Female

Workforce - Gender

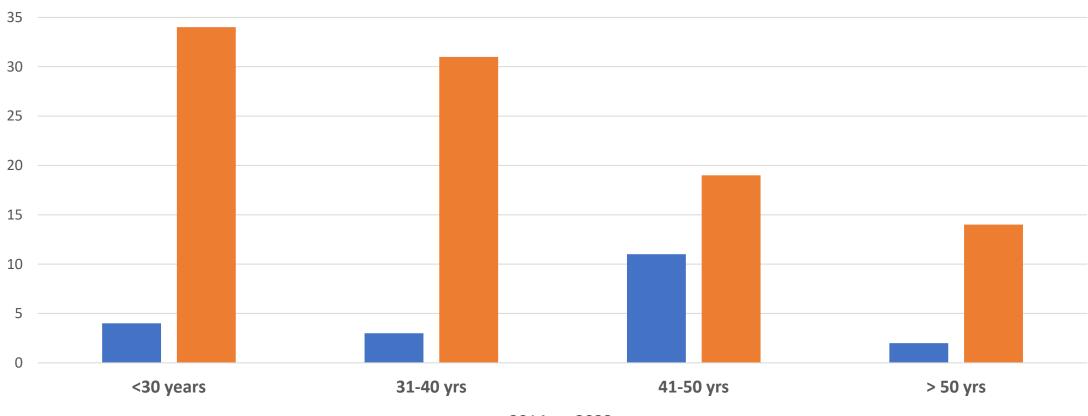
Gender of Workforce by Country 2023



Male Female

Workforce - Age

66% of workforce <40 yrs

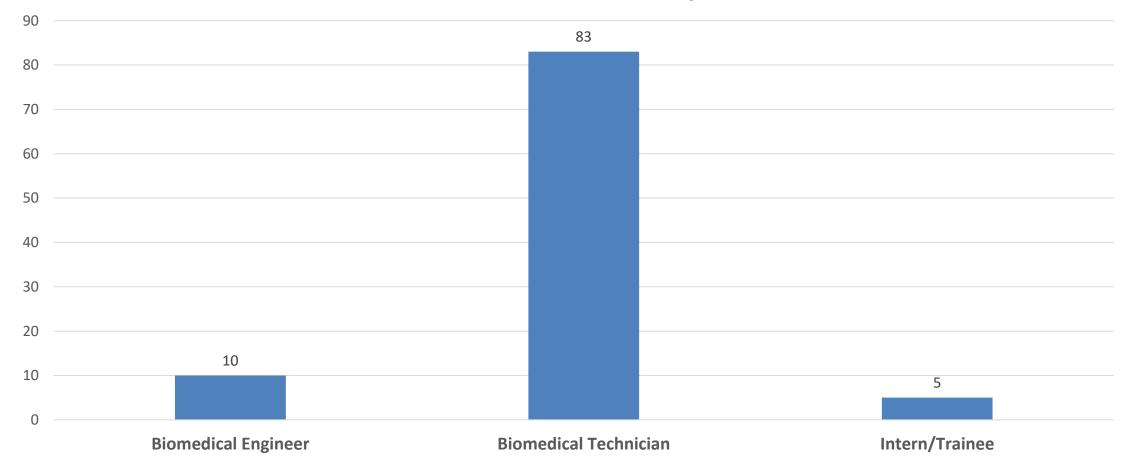


Age of Biomedical Workforce: 2014-2023

2014 2023

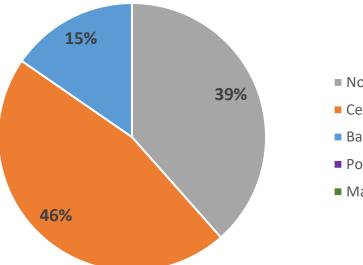
Workforce

2023 Biomedical Workforce by Role



Workforce - Qualifications

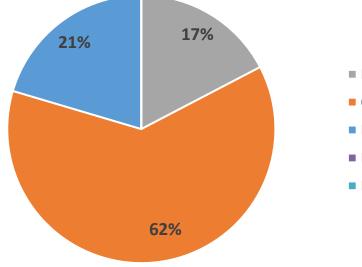
Highest Level of Training/Qualifications - 2014





- Certificate or Diploma
- Bachelors Degree
- Postgraduate Diploma
- Masters

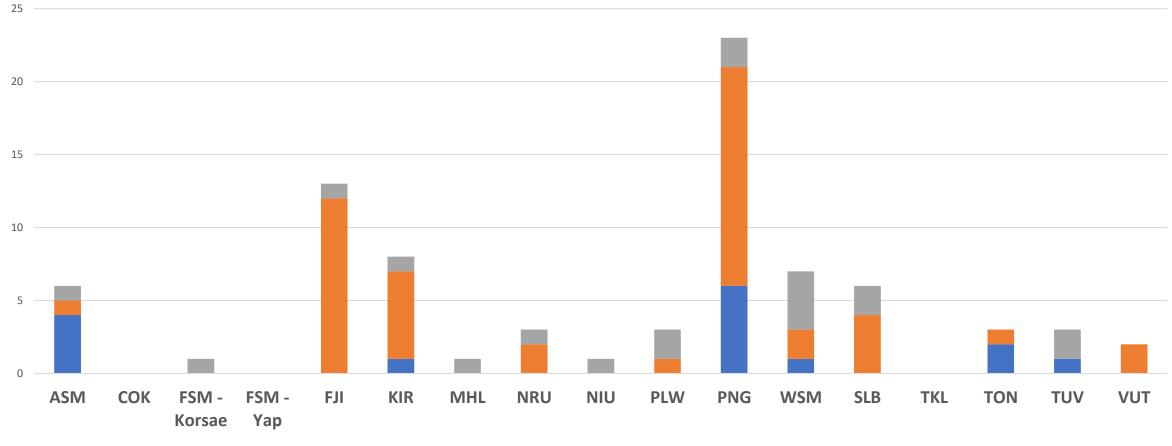




- None/Trade
- Certificate or Diploma
- Bachelors Degree
- Postgraduate Diploma
- Masters

Workforce - Qualifications

Qualifications by Country 2023

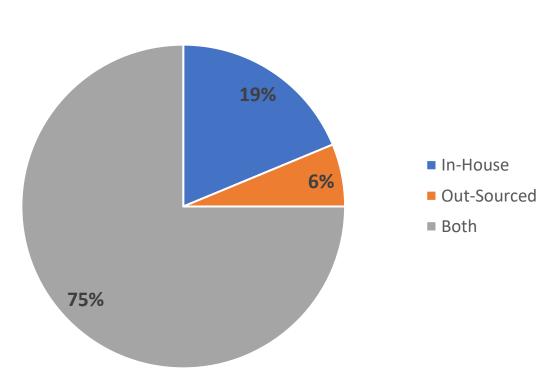


None/Technical Certification or Training (<1 yr)</p>
Certificate or Diploma

Bachelors Degree

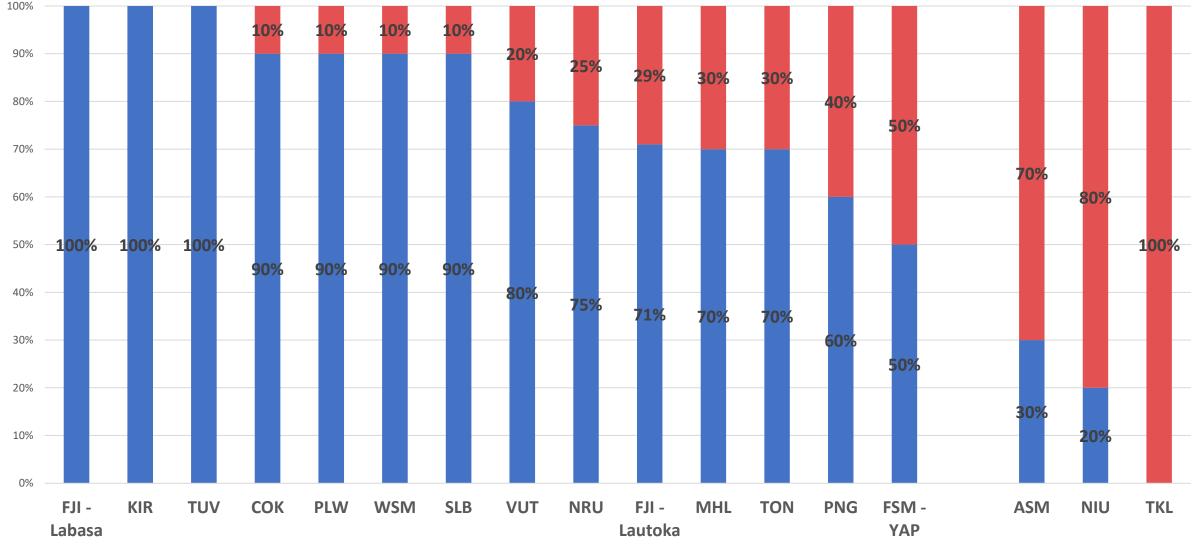
Biomedical Services

 19% (3 of the 16 countries surveyed) indicated they had 100% capacity in-house for biomedical services



Source of Biomedical Services

Source of Biomedical Services



■ In-House ■ Out-Sourced

merican Samoa (ASM)	
ook Islands (COK)	
ederated States Micronesia (FSM osrae) -
ederated States Micronesia (FSM ap) -
iji (FJI) - Labasa	
iji (FJI) - Suva	
iribati (KIR)	
1arshall Islands (MHL)	
auru (NRU)	
iue (NIU)	
alau (PLW)	
apua New Guinea (PNG)	
amoa (WSM)	
olomon Islands (SLB)	
okelau (TKL)	
onga (TON)	
uvalu (TUV)	
anuatu (VUT)	

Equipment Policy					
2014	2019	2023			
		Drafted			
Approved	Implemented	Implemented (RR)			
	Implemented (R)	Non-Existent			
Non-Existent	Non-Existent	Non-Existent			
	Implemented (NF)	Implemented			
Non-existent	Implemented (NF)	Implemented			
Implemented	Implemented (NF)	Drafted			
	Planned	Drafted			
	Non-Existent	Planned			
	Planned	Drafted			
	Implemented (RR)	Non-Existent			
		Implemented			
Implemented	Implemented (NF)	Implemented			
Planned	Not Sure	Planned			
Non-existent	Planned	Planned			
	Planned	Planned			
Drafted	Drafted	Drafted			
Non-existent	Non-existent	Drafted			

Equipment Committee				
2014	2019	2023		
		Exists (NA)		
Approved	Exists (NA)	Exists (A)		
	Exists (A)	Non-Existent		
Non-Existent	Exists (NA)	Non-Existent		
	Exists (A)	Exists (A)		
Exists (A)	Exists (NA)	Exists (A)		
Exists (A)	Exists (NA)	Drafted		
	Exists (NA)	Non-Existent		
	Non-Existent	Planned		
	Exists (A)	Exists (A)		
	Planned	Planned		
		Exists (A)		
Exists (A)	Exists (NA)	Exists (NA)		
Drafted	Not Sure	Exists (NA)		
Exists (A)	Non-existent	Exists (NA)		
	Exists (A)	Planned		
Exists (A)	Exists (NA)	Drafted		
Non-existent	Non-existent	Planned		

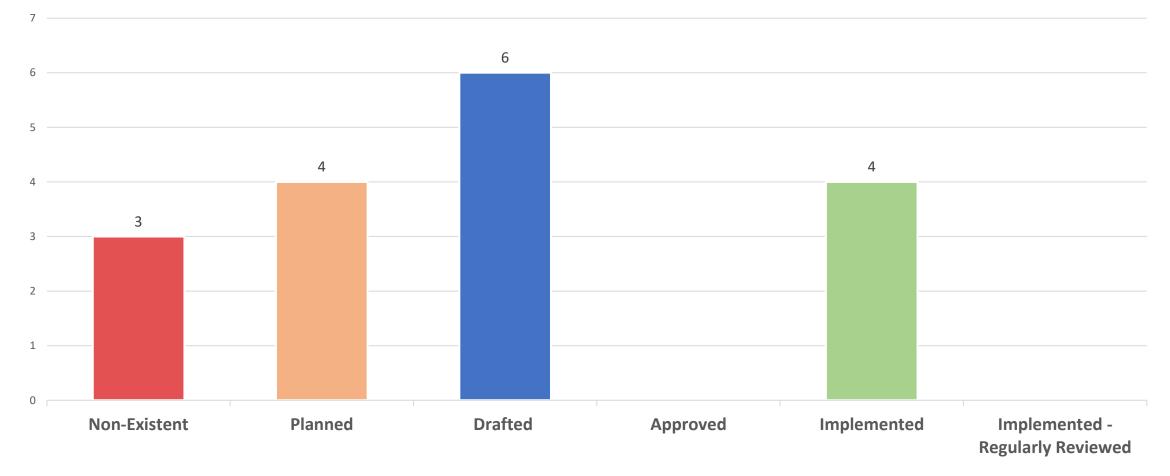
Procedure Manual			
2014	2019	2023	
		Drafted	
Non-existent	Planned	Implemented	
	Implemented (RR)	Implemented	
Implemented (RR)	Implemented (RR)	Non-Existent	
	Not Sure	Implemented	
Drafted	-	Implemented	
Implemented	Implemented (NF)	Drafted	
	Planned	Planned	
	Non-Existent	Planned	
	Planned	Planned	
	Planned	Drafted	
		Implemented	
Implemented	Implemented (RR)	Implemented (RR)	
Non-existent	Not Sure	Drafted	
Non-existent	Non-Existent	Non-Existent	
	Implemented (RR)	Planned	
Non-Existent	Non-Existent	Non-Existent	
Non-existent	Implemented (R)	Implemented	

	In-House Biomedical Services	Availability of Finance	Equipment Policy	Equipment Committee	Procedure Manual	Reporting
American Samoa (ASM)	30%	Rarely	Drafted	Exists (NA)	Drafted	Yes
Cook Islands (COK)	90%	Always	Implemented (RR)	Exists (A)	Implemented	Yes
Federated States Micronesia (FSM) - Kosrae		Mostly	Non-Existent	Non-Existent	Implemented	Partly
Federated States Micronesia (FSM) - Yap	50%	Rarely	Non-Existent	Non-Existent	Non-Existent	No
Fiji (FJI) - Labasa	100%	Mostly	Implemented	Exists (A)	Implemented	Partly
Fiji (FJI) - Suva	71%	Often	Implemented	Exists (A)	Implemented	Partly
Kiribati (KIR)	100%	Never	Drafted	Drafted	Drafted	Yes
Marshall Islands (MHL)	70%	Mostly	Drafted	Non-Existent	Planned	Partly
Nauru (NRU)	75%	Often	Planned	Planned	Planned	Yes
Niue (NIU)	20%	Rarely	Drafted	Exists (A)	Planned	Yes
Palau (PLW)	90%	Rarely	Non-Existent	Planned	Drafted	Partly
Papua New Guinea (PNG)		Mostly	Implemented	Exists (A)	Implemented	No
Samoa (WSM)	90%	Rarely	Implemented	Exists (NA)	Implemented (RR)	Partly
Solomon Islands (SLB)	90%	Often	Planned	Exists (NA)	Drafted	Yes
Tokelau (TKL)	0%	Always	Planned	Exists (NA)	Non-Existent	No
Tonga (TON)	70%	Often	Planned	Planned	Planned	No
Tuvalu (TUV)	100%	Rarely	Drafted	Drafted	Non-Existent	Yes
Vanuatu (VUT)	80%	Rarely	Drafted	Planned	Implemented	Partly

National Medical Equipment Policy

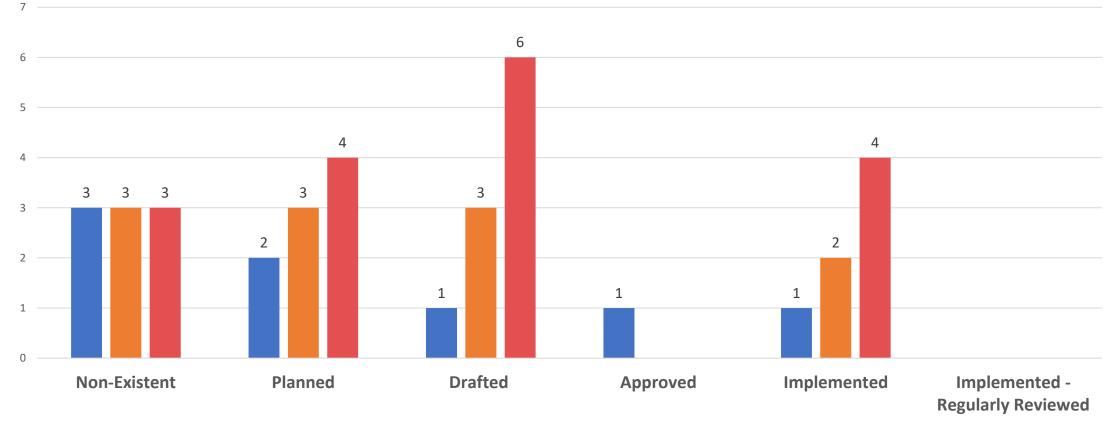
24% of countries implemented

2023 Status of National Equipment Management Policy



56% of respondents progressed25% of respondents no change19% of respondents regressed

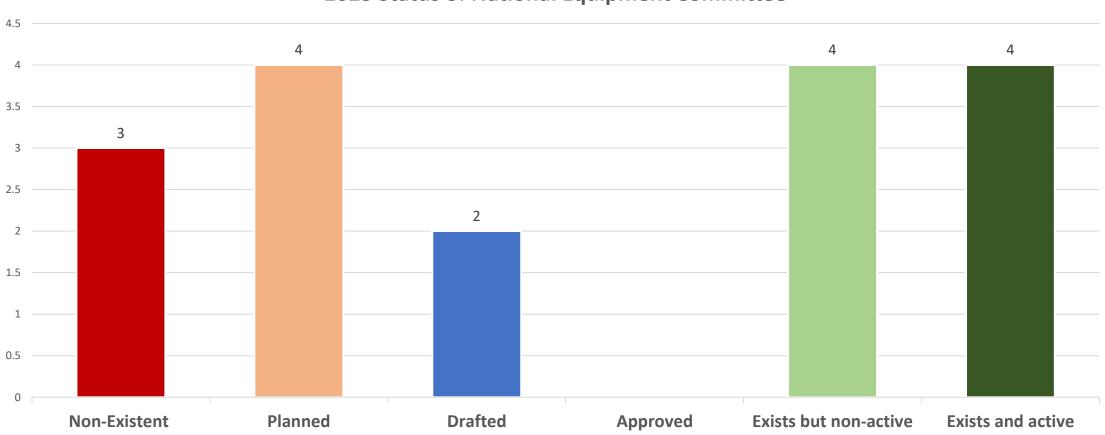
Progress on National Equipment Management Policy 2014 - 2023



2014 2019 2023

National Equipment Committee (or equivalent)

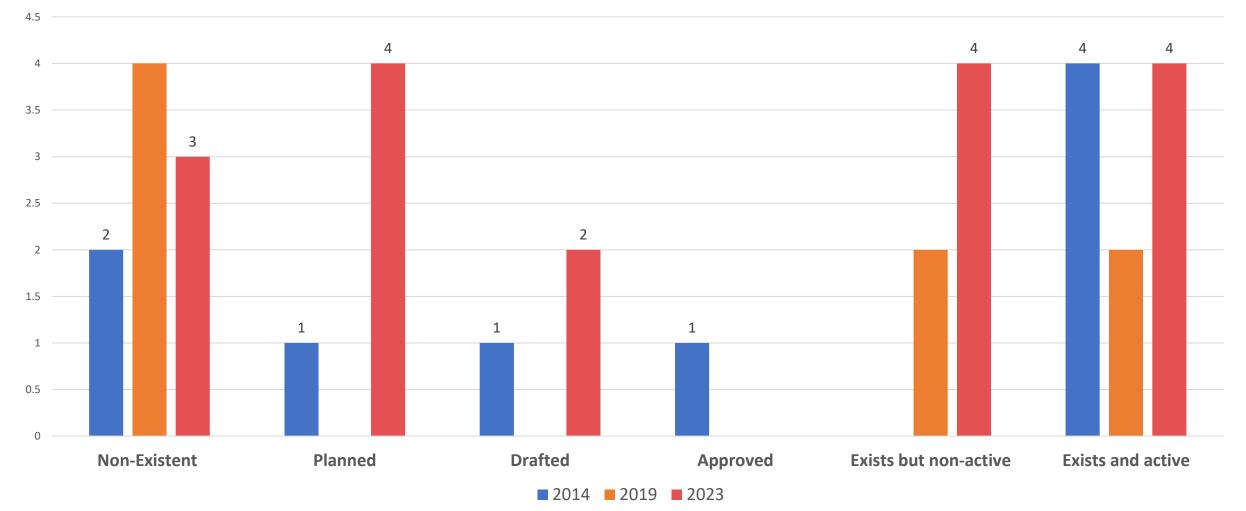
Exists in 47% of countries



2023 Status of National Equipment Committee

25% of respondents progressed25% of respondents no change50% of respondents regressed

Progress on National Equipment Committee 2014 - 2023

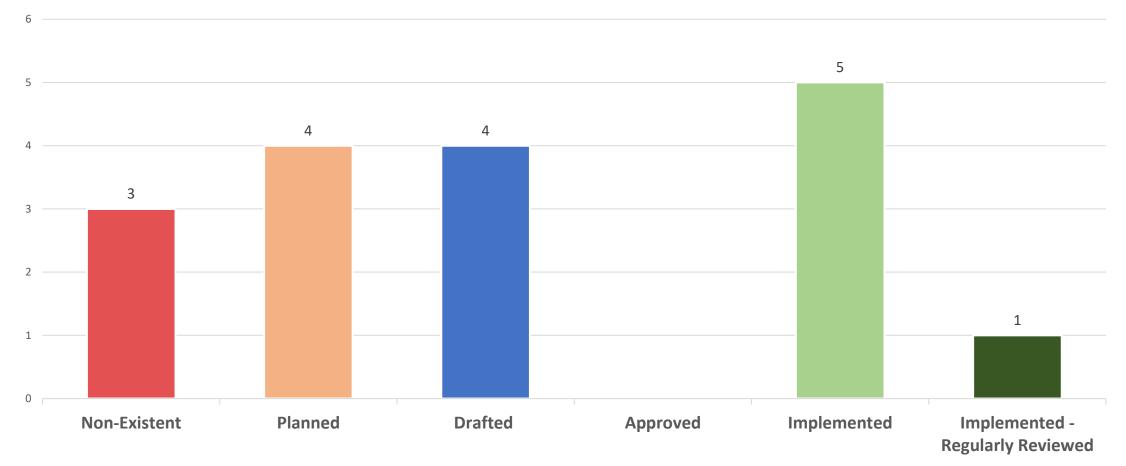


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Biomedical Procedure Manual

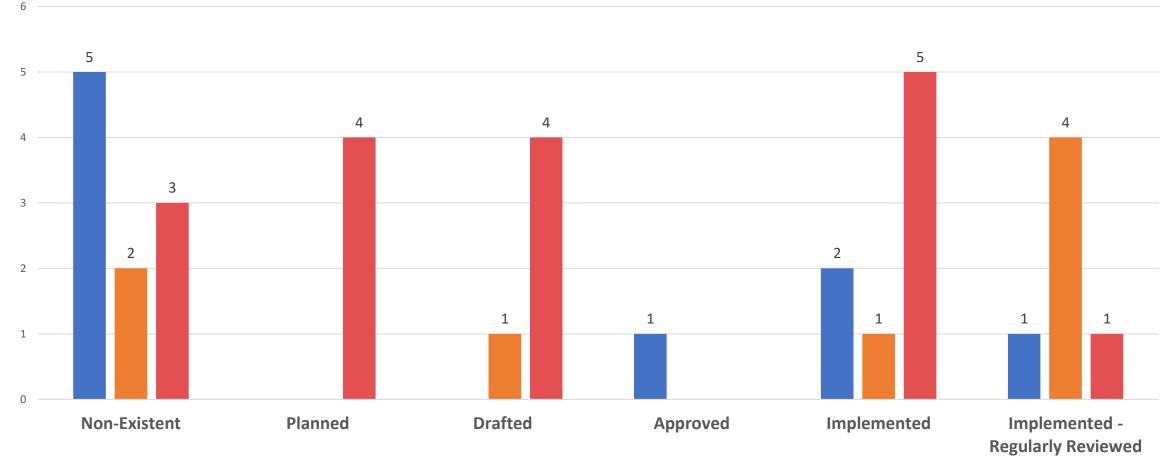
35% of countries implemented

Current Status of Biomedical Procedure Manual 2023



50% of respondents progressed 25% of respondents no change 25% of respondents regressed

Progress on Biomedical Procedure Manual 2014 - 2023



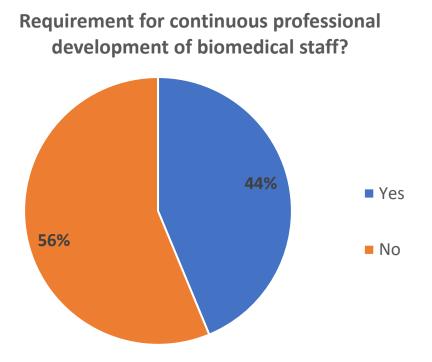
■ 2014 **■** 2019 **■** 2023

PACIFIC BIOMEDICAL NETWORK MEETING

Challenges and Issues Identified:

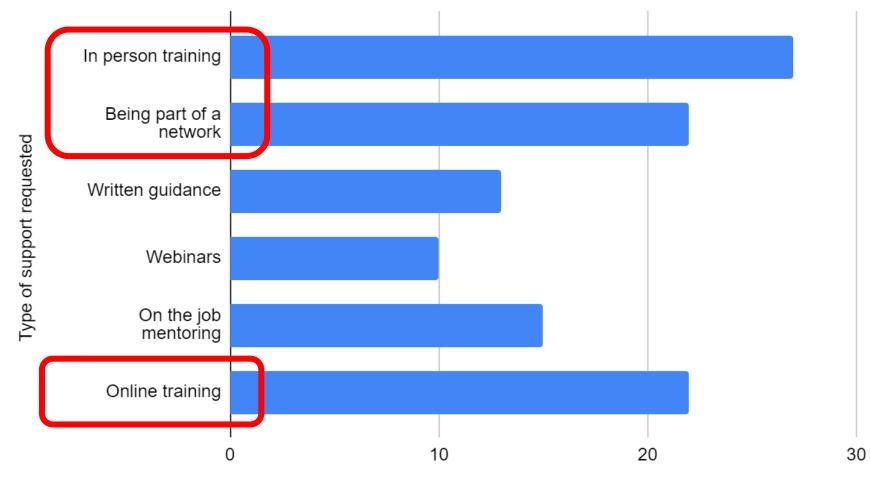
- Funding and human resources
- Training and ongoing support for professional development
- Donation Policy
- Disposal of Medical Equipment
- Not enough workspace
- Tools and Test Equipment
- Spare parts availability

Training and Professional Development



- 56% of countries do not have a requirement for continuous professional development of biomedical staff in their procedures
- 65% of countries reported that they 'never' or 'rarely' had finance available for user equipment trainings
- 71% of countries reported that they 'never' or 'rarely' had finance available for service equipment trainings

Support



Number of respondents

Recommendations for Governments

- Finalisation of data and review of current policies
- Support access to biomedical training leading to formal qualifications and ongoing professional development training
- Consideration of retention package to provide incentives to work in the biomedical field such as higher salary, retention pay
- Award tenders only to manufacturers that provide ongoing and timely support to PICs through provision of spare parts and technical advice

Recommendations for Partners

- Provide technical support for the biomedical workforce through the development and provision of in-person and online training in local language and access to training opportunities leading to formal qualifications
- Ensure that any biomedical equipment procured for donation meets country regulatory requirements and technical specifications, and includes provision for installation/training/maintenance, where appropriate